



Guarded Hot Plate Series GHP 500, GHP 600, GHP 900 and GHP 900 S

Thermal Conductivity Testing

Analyzing & Testing





Thermal Conductivity Measuring Devices

Protecting the environment, preserving our natural resources and conserving energy have become more and more important. The use of insulation and building materials with a low thermal conductivity value substantially contributes to achieving these goals. These materials help prevent the inside temperature of buildings from approaching the temperature on the outside, thereby minimizing the loss of energy in buildings. As a result, the amount of energy needed to heat or cool the inside of buildings is considerably reduced.

The thermal conductivity (lambda, λ) is the property of conveying a material's ability to conduct heat and is expressed in W/(m·K). The lower the thermal conductivity of a material, the better its insulating properties.

NETZSCH TAURUS Instruments GmbH primarily focuses on devices for measuring the thermal conductivity of building, construction and insulating materials.

- Devices with guarded hot plate in accordance with ISO 8302
- Devices with guarded hot pipe in accordance with DIN EN ISO 8497 (see TLR 1000 brochure)



Guarded Hot Plate

THE ABSOLUTE METHOD FOR DETERMINATION OF THE THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY

- Direct measuring method
- For low-conductive and building materials
- Specimens with high thickness up to 380 mm
- Customized heating plates
- Tilting measuring chamber up to 90°
- Guarded test chamber

GHP 500 – Thermal Conductivity Tester



Guarded Hot Plate with touch display – especially for thick specimens!

> Measuring device with guarded hot plate in accordance with ISO 8302, ASTM C177, EN 1946-2, EN 12664, EN 12667 and EN 12939

> Measuring devices of the GHP 500 series are robust cabinet devices which are especially suited for testing thicker specimens. Thanks to the integrated single board computer (SBC) with Windows operating system, the Lambda software and the high-resolution color touch display, the devices are very user-friendly.

Numerous interfaces such as RS232, USB and Gigabit Ethernet enable connectivity to peripheral devices and allow for fast and convenient data transfer.

Connection to an external PC allows for the extensive evaluation of test results and the printing of test reports.

- Large thermal conductivity measuring range up to 2.0 W/(m·K) depending on material and thickness
- Fully insulated guarded test chamber, designed for specimens with a thickness up to 200 mm
- Available as 1- or 2-specimen measurement method according to ISO 8302 (chapter 1.6.2)
- Easy specimen change from the front
- Integrated digital measurement of specimen thickness and sample pressure
- Motorized lifting of the upper plate
- Operator guidance via touch display with intuitive guidance through software
- Network capability
- Control, data acquisition and data processing via external PC and Lambda software (optional)
- Variable dimensions of heating plates; heating area from 100 mm x 100 mm up to 300 mm x 300 mm
- Square-shaped or rectangular measuring areas
- Cold plates and guarded chamber are controlled by chiller systems

	GHP 500
Measuring range	0.005 to 2.0 W/(m·K), depending on material and thickness
Specimen size (L x W)	500 mm x 500 mm, variable, according to the dimension of the hot plate: 100 mm x 100 mm up to 300 mm x 300 mm
Specimen thickness (H)	 1x 15 mm to 200 mm (1-specimen measurement method) 2x 15 mm to 100 mm (2-specimen measurement method)
Temperature range	Cooling plate: -15°C to 60°CHeating plate: -5°C to 70°C
Interface	1x RS 232,1x Gigabit Ethernet
Dimensions (H x W x D)	186 cm x 75 cm x 75 cm
Power supply	110 V to 230 V, 50/60 Hz
Weight	192 kg



Open test chamber with specimen



GHP 600 – Thermal Conductivity Tester



For specimen dimensions up to 600 mm x 600 mm

Measuring device with guarded hot plate in accordance with ISO 8302, ASTM C177, EN 1946-2, EN 12664, EN 12667 and EN 12939

Measuring devices of the GHP 600 series are robust cabinet devices which are especially suited for testing thicker specimens. Thanks to the integrated single board computer (SBC) with Windows operating system, the Lambda software and the high-resolution color touch display, the devices are very user-friendly.

Numerous interfaces such as RS232, USB and Gigabit Ethernet enable connectivity to peripheral devices and allow for fast and convenient data transfer.

Connection to an external PC allows for the extensive evaluation of test results and the printing of test reports.

- Large thermal conductivity measurement range up to 2.0 W/(m·K) depending on material and thickness
- Fully insulated guarded test chamber, designed for specimens with a thickness up to 200 mm
- Available as 1- or 2-specimen measurement method according to ISO 8302 (chapter 1.6.2)
- Easy specimen change from the front
- Integrated digital measurement of specimen thickness and sample pressure
- Motorized lifting of the upper plate
- Operator guidance via touch display with intuitive guidance through software
- Network capability
- Control, data acquisition and data processing via external PC and Lambda software (optional)
- Variable dimensions of heating plates; heating area from 100 mm x 100 mm up to 300 mm x 300 mm
- Square-shaped or rectangular measuring areas
- Cold plates and guarded chamber are controlled by chiller systems

	GHP 600
Measuring range	0.005 to 2.0 W/(m·K), depending on material and thickness
Specimen size (L x W)	600 mm x 600 mm variable, according to the dimension of the hot plate: 100 mm x 100 mm up to 300 mm x 300 mm
Specimen thickness (H)	 1x 15 mm to 200 mm (1-specimen measurement method) 2x 15 mm to 100 mm (2-specimen measurement method)
Temperature range	Cooling plate: -15°C to 60°CHeating plate: -5°C to 70°C
Interface	1x RS 232,1x Gigabit Ethernet
Dimensions (H \times W \times D)	186 cm x 85 cm x 85 cm
Power supply	110 V to 230 V, 50/60 Hz
Weight	214 kg



Open test chamber with specimen; 1-specimen measurement method

GHP 900 – Thermal Conductivity Tester

Tailored to research & development with customized heating plates!

Measuring device with guarded hot plate in accordance with ISO 8302, ASTM C177, EN 1946-2, EN 12664, EN 12667 and EN 12939

Measuring devices of the GHP 900 series, which are especially designed for thicker specimens with a high gross density, are suitable for a wide range of applications. The design of the device permits samples to be inserted into the test chamber from any side. This allows for the insertion of heavy and complex samples without damaging the measuring plates. Data acquisition and control of the device are handled by the external Lambda Control desktop device alongside a PC with Windows operating system and Lambda software.





- Large thermal conductivity measuring range up to 2.0 W/(m·K)
- Fully insulated guarded test chamber, designed for specimens with a thickness up to 260 mm
- Available as 1- or 2-specimen measurement method according to ISO 8302 (chapter 1.6.2)
- Easy specimen change from any side
- Integrated digital measurement of specimen thickness and sample pressure
- Motorized lifting of the upper plate
- Network capability
- Control, data acquisition and data processing via external PC and Lambda software
- Variable dimensions of heating plates; heating area from 200 mm x 200 mm up to 500 mm x 500 mm
- Square-shaped or rectangular areas for a variety of specimen dimensions
- Cold plates and guarded chamber are controlled by chiller systems

	GHP 900
Measuring range	0.005 to $2.0W/(m\cdot K),$ depending on material and thickness
Specimen size (L x W)	900 mm x 900 mm variable, according to the dimension of the hot plate: 200 mm x 200 mm up to 500 mm x 500 mm
Specimen thickness (H)	 1x 15 mm to 280 mm (1-specimen measurement method) 2x 15 mm to 140 mm (2-specimen measurement method)
Temperature range	Cooling plate: -10°C to 60°CHeating plate: 0°C to 70°C
Interface	1x RS 232,1x Gigabit Ethernet
Dimensions (H x W x D)	233 cm x 146 cm x 126 cm (opened hood)
Power supply	110 V to 230 V, 50/60 Hz
Weight	278 kg



GHP 900 S – Thermal Conductivity Tester

Thermal conductivity measuring device with guarded hot plate in accordance with ISO 8302, ASTM C177, EN 1946-2, EN 12664, EN 12667, EN 12939 and EN 674

Measuring devices of the GHP 900 S series are cabinet devices with a tiltable test chamber that are well suited for a wide range of applications, those involving especially thicker specimens and insulating glass. The design of the device is such that specimens are inserted into the test chamber from the top. This allows for the insertion of heavy and complex samples without damaging the measuring plates. Data logging and control of the device are handled by the external Lambda Control desktop device alongside a PC with Windows operating system and Lambda software.

GHP with a Tiltable Test Chamber

Cabinet devices with a tiltable test chamber are especially well suited for determining the thermal conductivity and U-value of windows and skylights. The U-value of an insulation glass window depends on the mounting angle (vertical, horizontal or in between) due to different heat transfer conditions within the gas phase. The GHP 900 S is able to measure the thermal conductivity of such insulation glass windows as a function of temperature and mounting angle.





- Large thermal conductivity measuring range up to 2.0 W/(m·K)
- Fully insulated guarded test chamber, designed for specimens with a thickness up to 380 mm
- Available as 1- or 2-speciment measurement method according to ISO 8302 (chapter 1.6.2)
- Easy specimen change from the top
- Fixation of specimens onto the measurement positioning surface
- Electrically operated tilting mechanism for the test chamber
- Tiltable especially important for skylights
- Tilting angle indicator (0 to 90°) on LCD display
- Control, data acquisition and data processing via external PC and Lambda software
- Variable dimensions of heating plates especially for bricks with different dimensions; heating area from 200 mm x 200 mm up to 500 mm x 500 mm
- Square-shaped or rectangular measuring areas
- Cold plates and guarded chamber are controlled by chiller systems

	GHP 900 S
Measuring range	0.005 to 2.0 W/(m·K), depending on material and thickness
Specimen size (L x W)	900 mm x 900 mm variable, according to the dimension of the hot plate: 200 mm x 200 mm up to 500 mm x 500 mm optional: 800 mm x 800 mm for insulating glass
Specimen thickness (H)	1-plate method: 1x 15 mm to 380 mm2-plate method: 2x 15 mm to 180 mm
Temperature range	Cooling plate: -10°C to 60°CHeating plate: 0°C to 70°C
Interface	1x RS 232,1x Gigabit Ethernet
Dimensions (H x W x D)	235 cm x 130 cm x 120 cm
Power supply	110 V to 230 V, 50/60 Hz
Weight	256 kg







Lambda Software

Universal Software Program for Control, Data Acquisition and Evaluation in the Use of Thermal Conductivity Measuring Devices

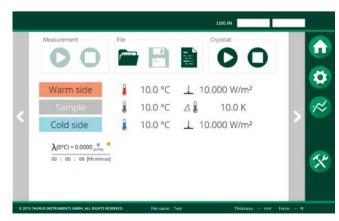
Supported Measuring Methods

- Method with heat flow meter in accordance with ISO 8301, ASTM C518, DIN EN 1946-3, EN 12664, EN 12667 and EN 12939
- One- or two-specimen measurement method with guarded hot plate in accordance with ISO 8302, ASTM C177, DIN EN 1946-2, EN 12664, EN 12667, EN 12939, EN 674 and ISO 10291
- Thermal conductivity measuring device with guarded hot pipe in accordanc with DIN EN ISO 8497, DIN EN 1946-5, DIN 52613, ASTM C 534 and ASTM C 335



Functions

- Choice of manual or automatic measuring procedure with up to 16 definable mean temperatures per measurement
- Creation of favorites for fast access to frequently used measurement tasks
- Display of all relevant data, measuring results, intermediate and final results as graphs and tables
- Monitoring of relevant messages and information
- Safety function via error messages
- Calculation of nominal λ value from ascertained $\lambda_{90/90}$
- Customized test report
- Intuitive icons for menu functions
- User and administrator level







Graph of 7-point measurement

Accessories and options for expanding upon the functions of the devices are available. The operator can adapt the different measuring tasks as needed with regard to determining the thermal conductivity using heat flow meters, guarded hot plates and guarded hot pipes.

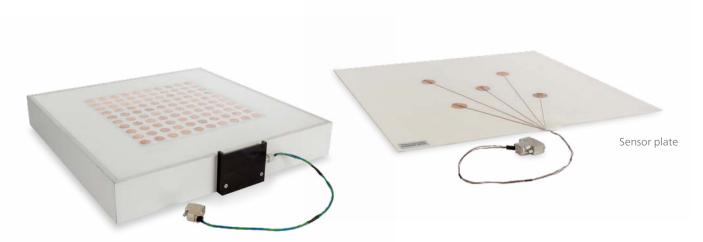
Auxiliary equipment is required for certain measurements, especially those involving materials such as insulating glass or other insulating materials, natural stone, concrete, plastics, composite materials or loose materials like granulates or flakes. In addition, suitable reference materials should be used for routinely checking and validating the devices.

Accessories

Instrument Type	Description
GHP*	Customized heating plates
GHP*/HFM	 Test masks in various dimensions for different specimens Measuring frame in various dimensions for loose fill materials Silicone sponge sheet Thermal grease Thermocouple foils in various dimensions with 5 thermocouples each
HFM 300	Reference sample IRMM 440 A (European Commission – Joint Research Centre) 300 mm x 300 mm x 35 mm
GHP*	IRMM 440 B (European Commission – Joint Research Centre) 500 mm x 500 mm x 35 mm
TLR**	 Customer-specific heating pipes Ø 18 mm to 89 mm Reference test pipe made of mineral wool including works calibration certificate Hot pipes with extended temperature range

^{*} for instruments of the 500, 600 and 900 or 900 S series

^{**} see separate TLR flyer



Specimen adapter plate for 1-specimen mode

Definition of Thermal Conductivity

Thermal conductivity (λ with the unit W/(m·K)) describes the transport of energy – in the form of heat – through a body of mass as the result of a temperature gradient.

According to the second law of thermodynamics, heat always flows in the direction of the lower temperature.

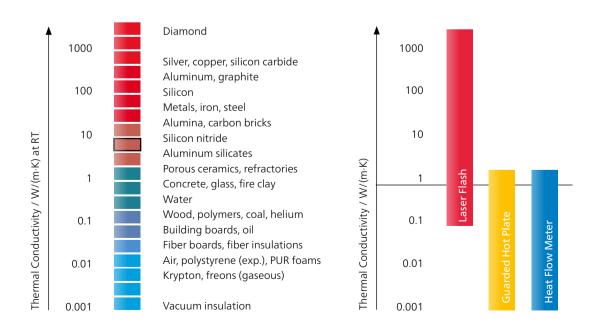
The relationship between transported heat per unit of time (dQ/dt or heat flow \dot{Q}) and the temperature gradient ($\Delta T/\Delta x$) through Area A (the area through which the heat is flowing perpendicularly at a steady rate) is described by the thermal conductivity equation.

Thermal conductivity is thus a material-specific property used for characterizing steady heat transport. It can be calculated using the following equation:

$$\lambda(T) = \rho(T) \cdot c_p \cdot a(T)$$

where: a = thermal diffusivity $c_p = specific heat capacity$ $\rho = density$

An overview of the thermal conductivity for various materials is shown in the figure below:

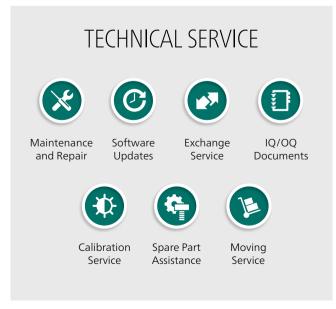


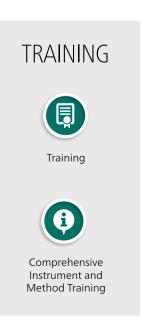


All over the world, the name NETZSCH stands for comprehensive support and expert, reliable service, both before and after sale. Our qualified personnel from the technical service and application departments are always available for consultation. In special training programs tailored for you and your employees, you will learn to tap the full potential of your instrument.

To maintain and protect your investment, you will be accompanied by our experienced service team over the entire life span of your instrument.

Expertise in SERVICE







Our performance standards are high. We promise our customers Proven Excellence – exceptional performance in everything we do, proven time and again since 1873.

When it comes to Thermal Analysis, Calorimetry (adiabatic & reaction), the determination of Thermophysical Properties, Rheology and Fire Testing, NETZSCH has it covered. Our 50 years of applications experience, broad state-of-the-art product line and comprehensive service offerings ensure that our solutions will not only meet your every requirement but also exceed your every expectation.

Proven Excellence.

NETZSCH® TAURUS® Instruments GmbH Döbereinerstraße 21 99427 Weimar Germany Tel.: +49 3643 4174 0

Fax: +49 3643 4174 99 at@netzsch.com

